



WHO RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUTINE IMMUNIZATION				
Antigen	Children (see Table 2 for details)	Adolescents	Adults	Considerations (see footnotes for details)
<b>Recommendations for all</b>				
<b>BCG<sup>1</sup></b>	1 dose			Exceptions HIV
<b>Hepatitis B<sup>2</sup></b>	3-4 doses (see footnote for schedule options)	3 doses (for high-risk groups if not previously immunized) (see footnote)		Birth dose Premature and low birth weight Co-administration and combination vaccine Definition high-risk
<b>Polio<sup>3</sup></b>	3-4 doses (at least one dose of IPV) with DTP			OPV birth dose Type of vaccine Transmission and importation risk criteria
<b>DTP<sup>4</sup></b>	3 doses	Booster (DTP) 1-6 years of age	Booster (Td) (see footnote)	Booster (Td) in early adulthood or pregnancy
<b>Haemophilus influenzae type b<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>Option 1</b> 3 doses, with DTP <b>Option 2</b> 2 or 3 doses, with booster at least 6 months after last dose			Single dose if ≥ 12 months of age Not recommended for children > 5 yrs old Delayed/interrupted schedule Co-administration and combination vaccine
<b>Pneumococcal (Conjugate)<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>Option 1</b> 3 doses, with DTP <b>Option 2</b> 2 doses before 6 months of age, plus booster dose at 9-15 months of age			Vaccine options Initiate before 6 months of age Co-administration HIV+ and preterm neonates booster
<b>Rotavirus<sup>7</sup></b>	Rotarix: 2 doses with DTP RotaTeq: 3 doses with DTP			Vaccine options Not recommended if > 24 months old
<b>Measles<sup>8</sup></b>	2 doses			Combination vaccine; HIV early vaccination; Pregnancy
<b>Rubella<sup>9</sup></b>	1 dose (see footnote)	1 dose (adolescent girls and/or child bearing aged women if not previously vaccinated; see footnote)		Achieve and sustain 80% coverage Combination vaccine and Co-administration Pregnancy
<b>HPV<sup>10</sup></b>		3 doses (girls)		Vaccination of males for prevention of cervical cancer is not recommended at this time

Refer to <http://www.who.int/immunization/documents/positionpapers/> for most recent version of this table and position papers.

This table summarizes the WHO child vaccination recommendations. It is designed to assist the development of country specific schedules and is not intended for direct use by health care workers. Country specific schedules should be based on local epidemiologic, programmatic, resource and policy considerations.

While vaccines are universally recommended, some children may have contraindications to particular vaccines.

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# KNOW

Vaccines help keep you and your family healthy. Ask at your health clinic to know which vaccines you need.

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Immunize for a healthy future  
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