

## Key Figures Dec

**19,927** Screened Children (0 - 59 months)  
**102,606** From Jan to Dec

**24%** Screened Children (Under 6 months)

**22% GAM** (6 - 59 months)

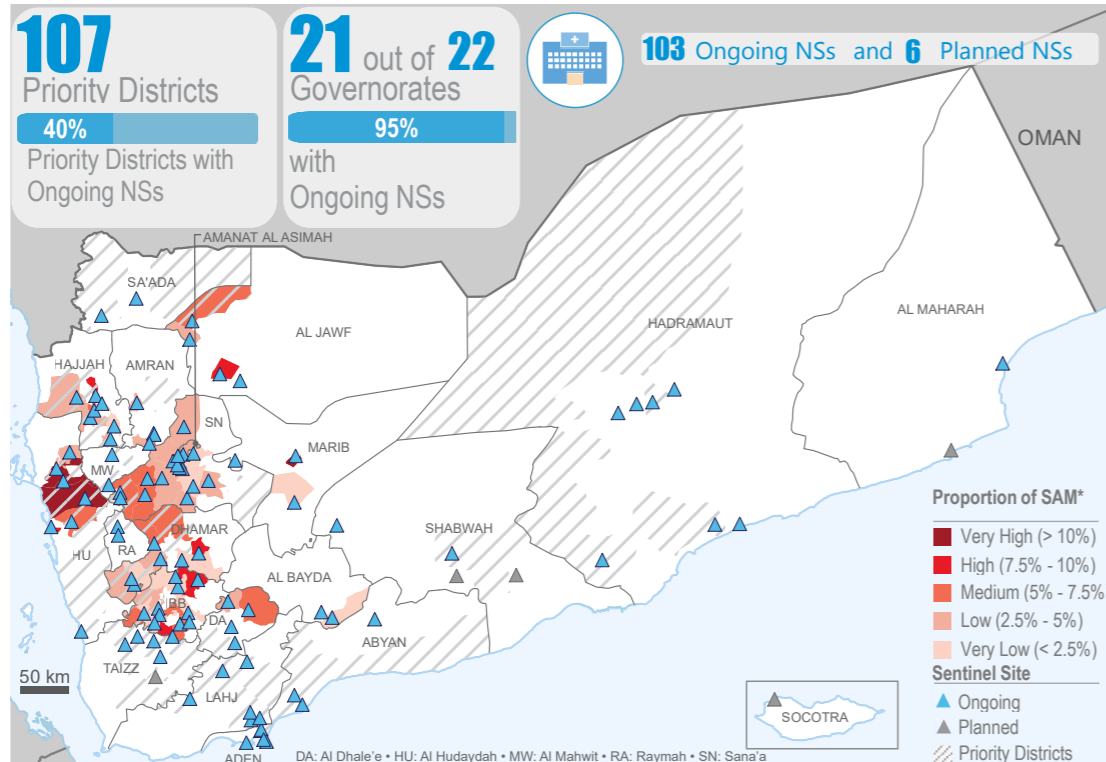
**50%** Stunting (6 - 59 months)

**21%** Anemia (6 - 59 months)

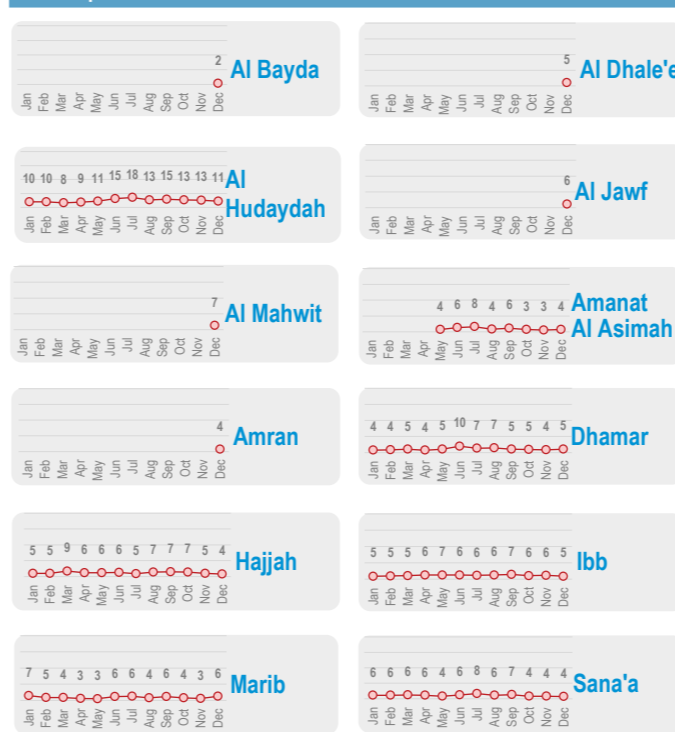
**43%** Underweight (0 - 59 months)

**27%** Exclusive Breastfeeding (0 - 6 months)

## Proportion of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)\* per District and Geographical Presence of Nutrition Sentinel Sites



## SAM\* per Governorate In Percent



## Screened Children December

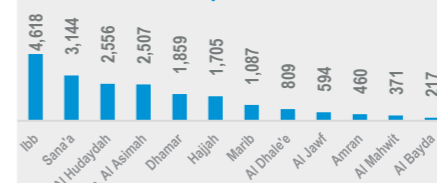
**19,927** Screened Children

**49%** (Female) **51%** (Male)

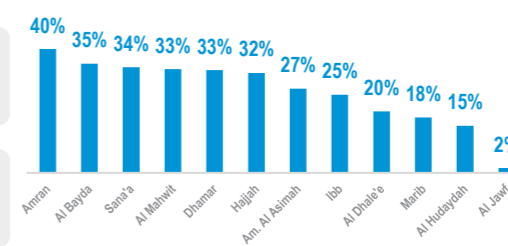
## Screened Children by age group

**76%** Above 6 Months  
**24%** Under 6 Months

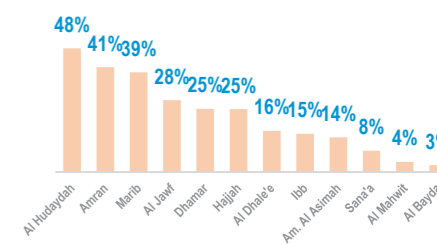
## Screened Children per Governorate



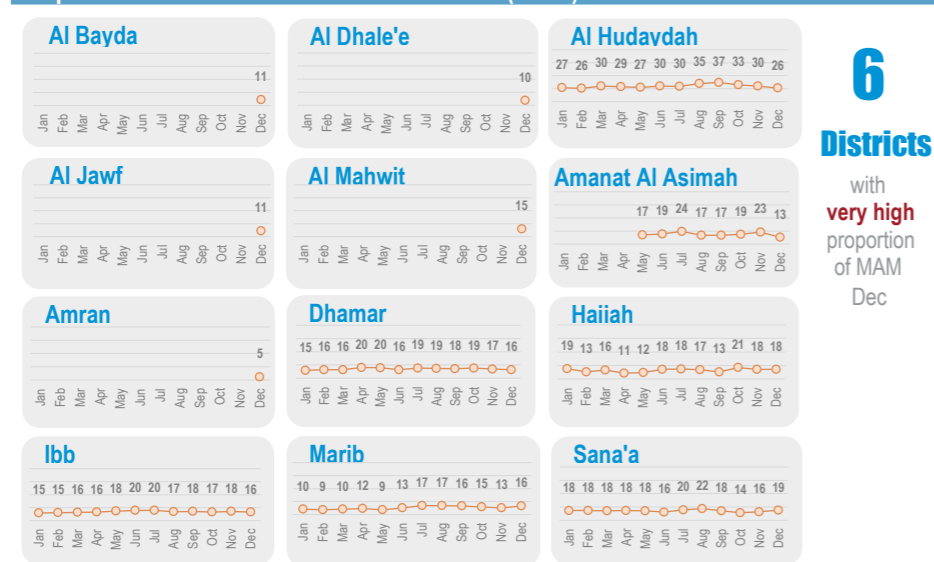
## Exclusive Breastfeeding Dec



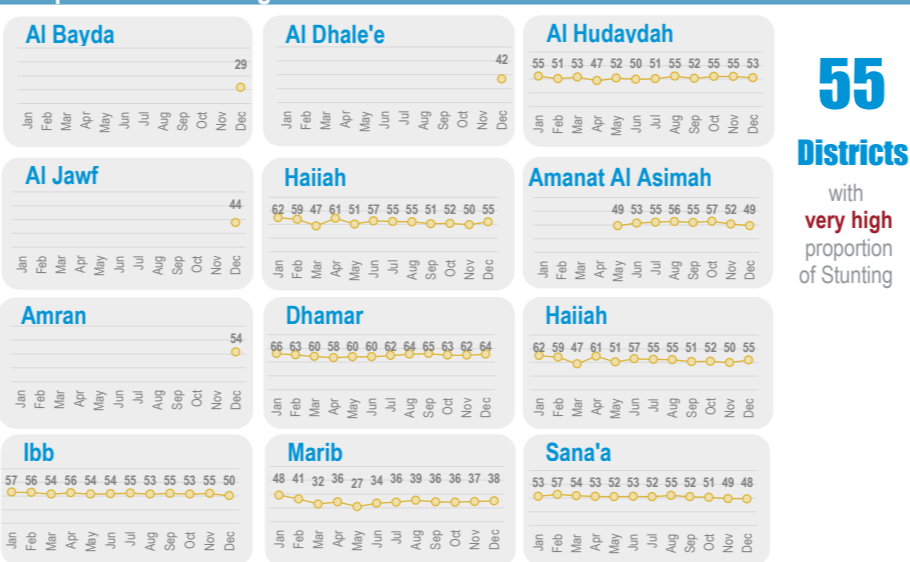
## Anemia Dec



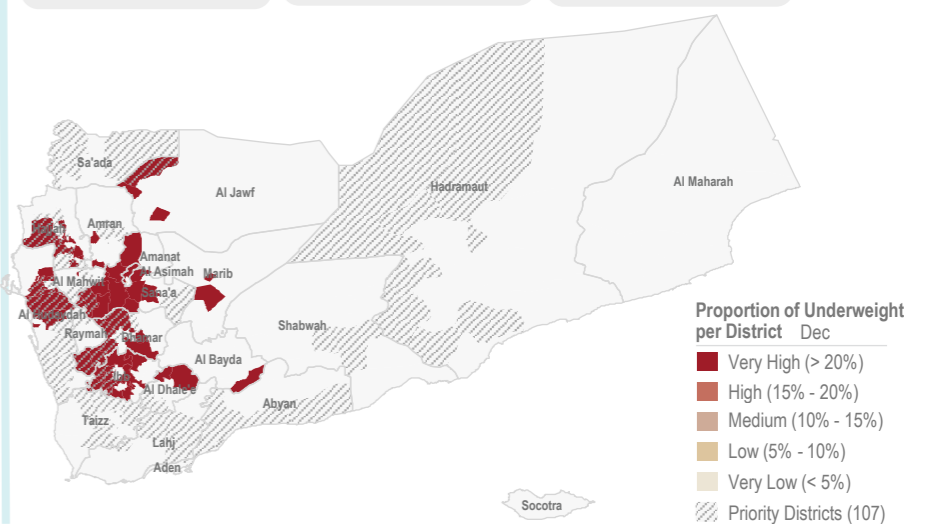
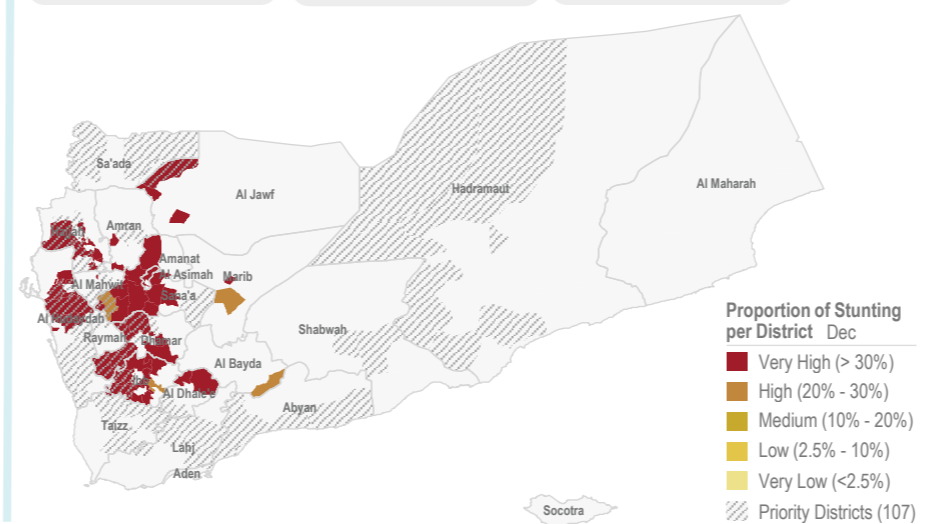
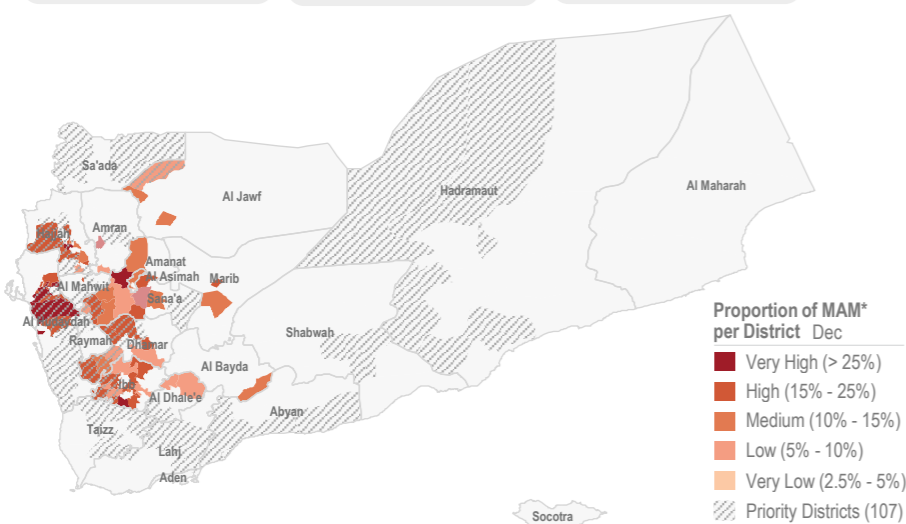
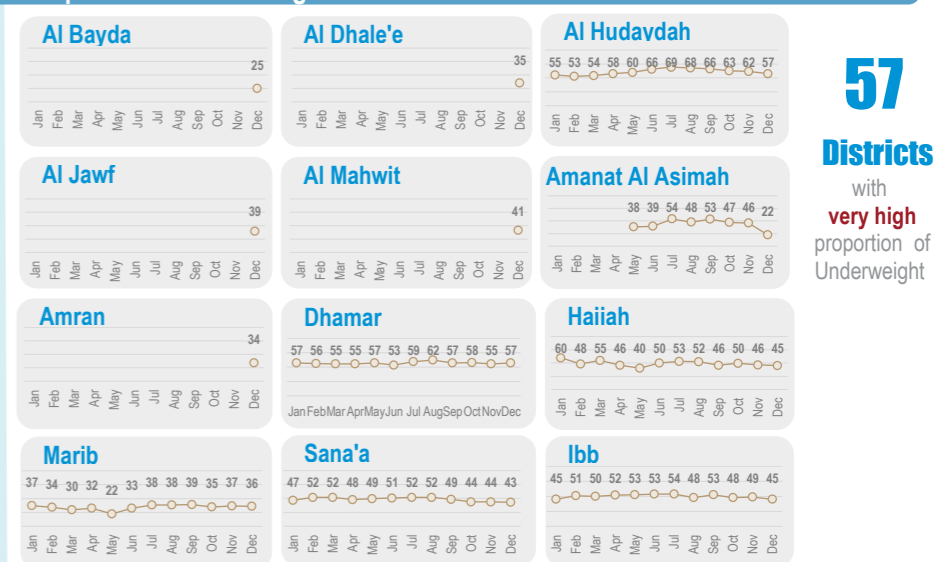
## Proportion of Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)\* In Percent



## Proportion of Stunting In Percent

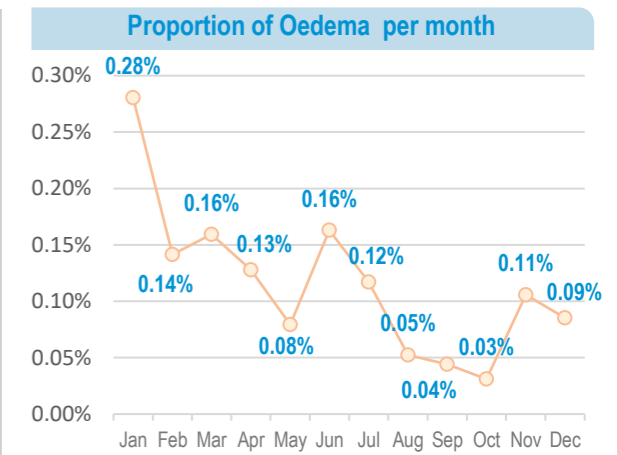


## Proportion of Underweight In Percent



Summary for Nutrition Indicators Dec 2019

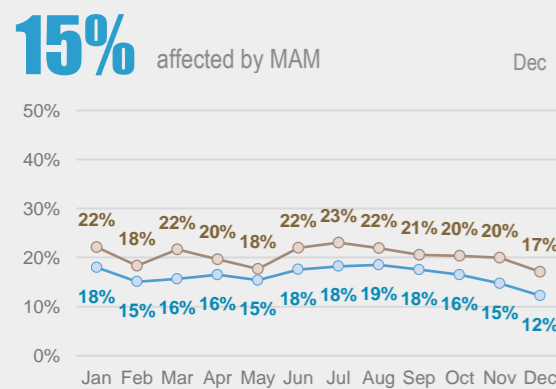
Governorate	# of Screened Children (all ages)	Acute Malnutrition by Z- Score				Acute Malnutrition by MUAC				Underweight and Stunting				Exclusive Breastfeeding		Anemia		Oedema	
		# of MAM	Proportion of MAM	# of SAM	Proportion of SAM	# of MAM	Proportion of MAM	# of SAM	Proportion of SAM	# of Underweight	Proportion of Under weight	# of Stunting	Proportion of Stunting	# of EBF	Proportion of EBF (Yes)	# of Anemia	Proportion of Anemia	# of Oedema	Proportion of Oedema
Al Bayda	217	21	11%	3	2%	11	6%	2	1%	55	25%	53	29%	13	35%	5	3%	0	0.0%
Al Dhale'e	809	51	10%	28	5%	50	9%	65	12%	284	35%	223	42%	48	20%	48	16%	0	0.0%
Al Hudaydah	2,556	501	26%	212	11%	414	21%	149	8%	1,469	57%	1,018	53%	101	15%	557	48%	0	0.0%
Al Jawf	594	59	11%	29	6%	77	15%	23	4%	232	39%	231	44%	1	2%	144	28%	0	0.0%
Al Mahwit	371	35	15%	16	7%	33	14%	19	8%	153	41%	108	47%	50	33%	9	4%	0	0.0%
Amanat Al Asimah	2,507	217	13%	63	4%	162	10%	25	1%	558	22%	814	49%	106	27%	52	14%	0	0.0%
Amran	460	20	5%	14	4%	26	7%	21	6%	156	34%	196	54%	41	40%	123	41%	0	0.0%
Dhamar	1,859	253	16%	83	5%	299	19%	106	7%	1,067	57%	1,000	64%	113	33%	378	25%	3	0.2%
Hajjah	1,705	210	18%	46	4%	222	19%	53	5%	767	45%	636	55%	191	32%	285	25%	2	0.1%
Ibb	4,618	565	16%	159	5%	590	17%	144	4%	2,079	45%	1,739	50%	322	25%	516	15%	10	0.2%
Marib	1,087	137	16%	54	6%	96	11%	44	5%	389	36%	316	38%	8	18%	311	39%	2	0.2%
Sana'a	3,144	498	19%	94	4%	227	9%	56	2%	1,354	43%	1,262	48%	204	34%	213	8%	0	0.0%



Acute Malnutrition by MUAC

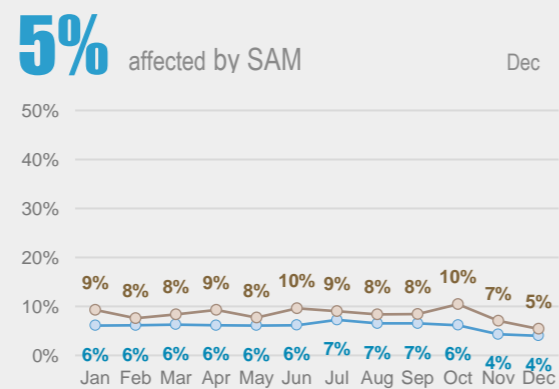
Proportion of Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) < 125 mm and >= 115 mm

— % Girls — % Boys



Proportion of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) < 115 mm

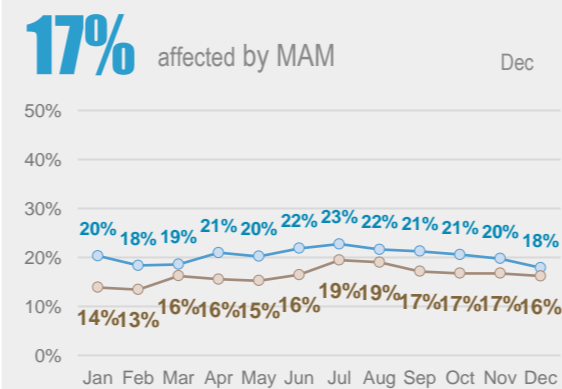
— % Girls — % Boys



Acute Malnutrition by Weight/Height Z Score (WHZ)

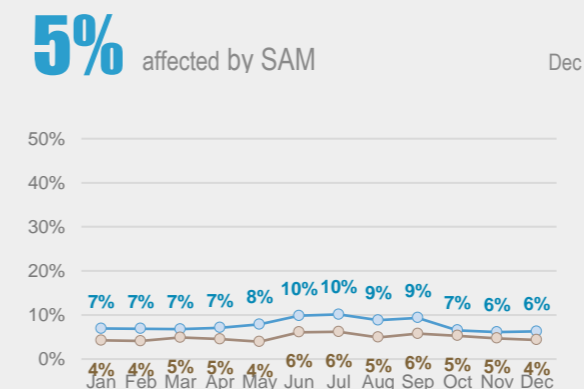
Proportion of Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) < -2 z-score and >= -3 z-score

— % Girls — % Boys



Proportion of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) < -3 z-score

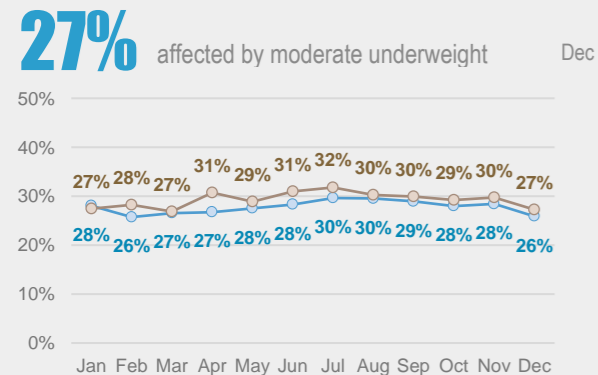
— % Girls — % Boys



Underweight by Weight/Age Z Score

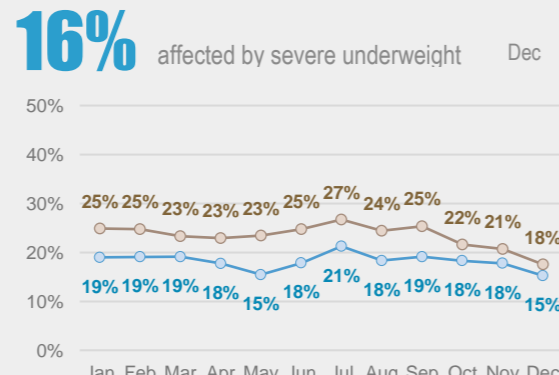
Moderate < -2 z-score and >= -3 z-score

— % Girls — % Boys



Severe < -3 z-score

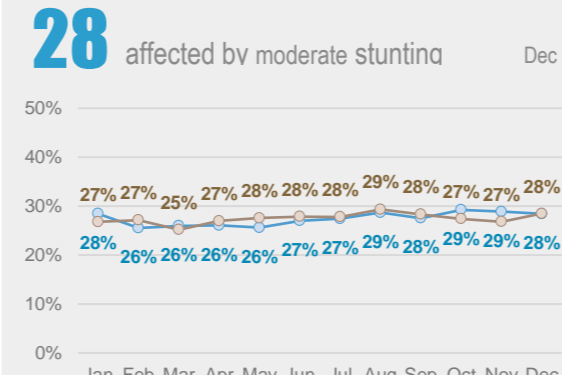
— % Girls — % Boys



Chronic Malnutrition (Stunting) by Height/Age Z Score

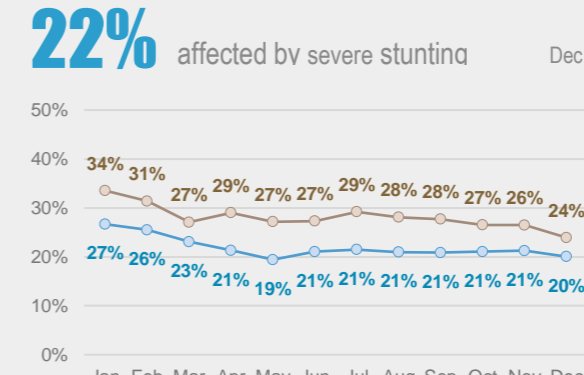
Moderate < -2 z-score and >= -3 z-score

— % Girls — % Boys



Severe < -3 z-score

— % Girls — % Boys



Objectives of the YNSS

- To monitor children under five nutritional status for early detection of malnutrition and timely case referral
- To share key highlights and trend analysis, to inform partners and trigger alert verification.

Methodology:

Facility-based sentinel site surveillance system, established in district hospitals across the country to provide proportion of children under five found suffering from any forms of malnutrition, out of the total children screened.

It is not a formal survey using sampling methods to produce representative results. The results only reflect the status of children who have attended the health facility over the month under review, there may be data gaps and difficult to access areas might be underrepresented.

The system tracks WHO Global core nutrition indicators: Stunting, Wasting (MUAC, WHZ, oedema), Exclusive breastfeeding, Anaemia. Anchored to the model of sentinel sites, the system does not aim to cover all facilities across the country, but rather prioritizing the close monitoring of population in areas at elevated risk of famine.

The bulletin is based on reports received by the health facility surveillance MoPHP teams. WHO supports the MoPHP and constantly works to expand coverage and improve data quality.

With WHO technical support to national health authorities. Funded by the World Bank.