

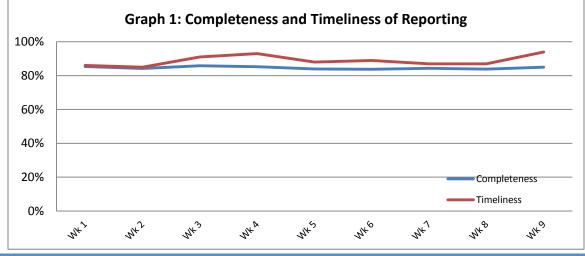


Highlights:

- Leishmaniasis increase in Deir Ezzor continues in this week with 601 reported cases.
- ◆ 3 cases of acute paralysis flaccid reported this week from Dair Zour (2) and Damascus (1).

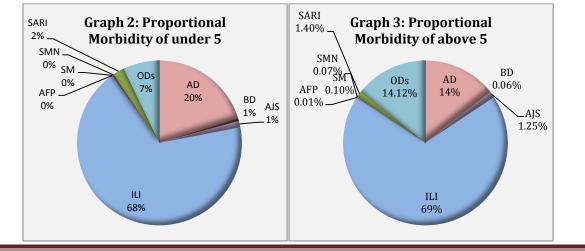
Completeness& Timeliness of Reporting

- The overall completeness of reporting was 84%; (1089 out of total 1281 EWARS sentinel sites).
 14 governorates have reported this week.
- Timeliness of reporting was 94%.



The Morbidity Cases

- Out of a total of 258,650 consultations, 39,837 EWARS notifiable cases were reported; of which 27,169 cases were influenza like illness (68%), 6,842 cases were acute diarrhoea (17%), 489 were acute jaundice syndrome, 509 were severe acute respiratory infection, 52 were suspected measles, 94 were bloody diarrhoea, 53 were suspected meningitis and 3 case of acute flaccid paralysis..
- ☆ Graphs 2 and 3 below show the proportional morbidity among < 5 and ≥ 5 years age groups respectively.

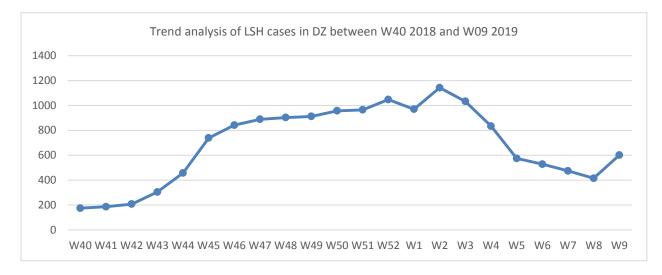


EWARS week: 09-2019

Acute diarrhoea constitutes (20%) among < 5 and (14%) among \geq 5, while influenza-like illness constitutes (68%) of the cases among <5 and (69%) of the cases among \geq 5 years old.

- 49% of the cases were distributed among males. 60% of the cases were distributed among ≥5 age group.
- In total 4,416 cases were reported as "other diseases". The most important diseases reported within this group were; 1,878 cases of leishmaniasis (mostly from Aleppo, Deir Ezzor and Hamah), 168 cases of brucellosis, 253 cases of typhoid, 14 cases of tuberculosis, 79 pertussis, and 97 mumps.

Graph 4: the below graph shows the trend analysis of suspected Leishmaniasis cases reported through EWARS in Deir Ezzor. The graph shows significant increase in cases since week 43. The decrease in cases in 2019 is attributed to improvement in quality of reporting, as duplication in reporting was observed in data of 2018.



Graph 5: shows the trend analysis of Acute Sever Respiratory Infections cases reported between week 43 of 2018 and week 8 of 2019. The graph shows a decrease in the reported cases in week 9.

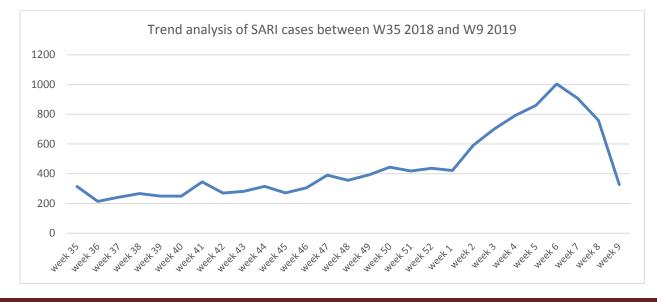


Table 1: Comparison between reported cases for week 8 and week 9, 2019.												
	Disease	Week 8	Week 9									
	AD	6,328	6,842									
	BD	82	94									
	AWD	10	0									
	AJS	481	508									
	ILI	27,433	27,169									
	AFP	11	3									
	SM	23	52									
	SMN	41	53									
	SARI	759	681									
	TYF	232	257									
	PER	80	79									
	LSH	1661	1876									
	BRU	202	170									
	ТВ	20	14									
	SCA	457	449									
	LIC	800	880									
	СНР	314	313									
	MUM	66	97									
	Others	403	287									
	Total	39,403	39,837									

Table 1 shows comparison between reported cases in week-08 and week-09 2019.

The Response

leishmaniasis in Deir Ezzor:

In response to Leishmaniasis outbreak in Deir Ezzor and to improve access to leishmaniasis health services and diagnosis; WHO in collaboration with the national control program conducted a training workshop on the laboratory diagnosis of leishmaniasis. 25 laboratory technicians from the high-risk governorates in Deir Ezzor, Hassaka, and Raqqa were trained on the laboratory procedures of leishmaniasis diagnosing. WHO is also supporting the national control program in the establishment of leishmaniasis laboratories in northeast governorates by providing microscopes and lab supplies,.

Acute flaccid paralysis: Stool samples were collected from AFP cases and sent to the reference lab in Damascus. Laboratory tests of all AFP cases in 2018 showed a negative result for polio. up to week 9 the annualized non-polio AFP rate is 5.7

Code	age group	Idleb	Hassaka	Raqqa	Sweida	Qunaitra	Lattakia	Aleppo	Hama	Homs	Daraa	Damascus	DierEzor	Rural Damascus	Tartous	Grand Total	
AD	< 5	539	85	117	30	57	401	343	71	86	78	489	747	330	143	3,516	6,842
	≥ 5	663	72	147	26	62	312	283	124	126	83	368	688	298	74	3,326	
BD	< 5	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	94
	≥ 5	0	21	16	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	1	36	0	0	81	
AWD	< 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	≥ 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AJS	< 5	61	34	31	1	3	15	23	25	5	22	21	51	10	2	304	509
1100	≥ 5	11	20	46	0	0	7	8	3	2	13	7	82	2	4	205	
Ш	< 5	694	412	89	203	565	2,600	2,445	186	404	357	878	2,070	1,766	3,571	16,240	27,169
	≥ 5	900	268	81	112	284	2,043	1,630	208	278	209	570	1,734	877	1,735	10,929	
AFP	< 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	≥ 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	
SM	< 5	4	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	2	1	24	52
	≥ 5	0	1	10	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	13	0	1	28	
SMN	< 5	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	2	17	53
01111	≥ 5	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	3	14	0	1	36	
SARI	< 5	1	1	19	15	0	32	1	50	0	0	49	18	0	141	327	681
	≥ 5	0	0	17	1	0	5	33	103	0	0	30	18	0	147	354	
Others	< 5	378	55	161	16	36	172	729	376	257	44	50	918	96	21	3,309	4,434
	≥ 5	89	66	56	6	4	15	211	15	44	18	11	569	16	5	1,125	
-	m of < 5	1,679	597	429	265	662	3,221	3,541	709	753	501	1,490	3,818	2,204	3,881	23,750	39,837
	$1 \text{ m of } \geq 5$	1,663	448	385	145	351	2,385	2,166	457	451	329	991	3,156	1,193	1,967	16,087	, ,
To	otal	3,342	1,045	814	410	1,013	5,606	5,707	1,166	1,204	830	2,481	6,974	3,397	5,848	39,	837

Table-2: Distribution of cases per age group, and by Governorate-week-9, 2019: