 Highlights

- During week 39, a total of 25 new cases of cholera and no deaths were reported from 7 districts of Banadir region. No case was reported from any other areas.
- Since December 2017, a total of 8,778 cumulative cases including 46 deaths (CFR 0.5%) were reported from 3 states of Somalia (Hirshabelle, Jubbaland and South West state) and Banadir region.
- Since December 2017 a cumulative attack rate of 201 cases per 100,000 population was reported with Kismayo (Jubbaland) and Daynile (Banadir) being the most affected.
- Though the overall case-fatality rate (CFR) was 0.5%, higher rates were observed in Daynile, Waberi, Karan and Kurtunwarey districts exceeding the WHO’s threshold of <1%.
- Of the 813 stool samples tested for culture since December 2017, 161 samples were tested positive for *Vibrio cholerae* serotype Ogawa. Culture and sensitivity tests performed at the central public health laboratory in Mogadishu, show that the *Vibrio cholerae* serotype Ogawa is sensitive to chloramphenicol and tetracycline but resistant to ampicillin and nalidixic acid.
- The designations employed and the presentation of material on the map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat or the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or any area of authority, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.