



SECOND REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON MALARIA ERADICATION

ADDIS ABABA, 16 - 21 NOVEMBER 1959

EM/ME-Tech.2/1

13 November 1959
English only

ORDER OF PROCEEDINGS

MONDAY 16 NOVEMBER 1959

10:00 a.m. - Opening Session

H.E. The Minister of Public Health of the
Imperial Government of Ethiopia will preside.

A message from His Imperial Majesty
Haile Selassie I, Emperor of Ethiopia,
will be read by H.E. The Minister.

Address by H.E. The Minister.

Address by the Regional Director for the
Eastern Mediterranean Region of WHO.

Address by H.E. The Executive Secretary, ECA.

Addresses by:

The Resident Technical Assistance
Representative, Ethiopia.

The Director, United States International
Cooperation Administration, Ethiopia.

The Chief, Eastern Mediterranean Area Office,
UNICEF.

The Director Malaria Eradication Division,
WHO, Geneva.

The Regional Director for the Eastern Mediterranean
Region of WHO will preside.

Election of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Rapporteurs.

Address by Chairman.

12:30. -

Close of Session.

Monday 16 November 1959

- 3:00 - 6:00 a.m. - Plenary Session - The Magnitude and Features of the Malaria Problem in the International Coordination
- 6:30 - 8:00 p.m. - Reception by H.M. The Minister of Public Health

Tuesday 17 November 1959

- 9:00 - 9:30 a.m. - Plenary Session - Report of the Plenary Session of 16 November and adoption of Resolutions
- 9:30 - 1:00 p.m. - Plenary Session - Planning of Malaria Eradication Programmes
- 3:00 - 6:00 p.m. - Committee discussions on Planning of Malaria Eradication Programmes.
- 6:30 - 8:00 p.m. - Reception by the Regional Director of the World Health Organization, Eastern Mediterranean Region.

Wednesday 18 November 1959

- 9:00 - 9:30 a.m. - Plenary Session - Report of Committee discussions on Planning of Malaria Eradication Programmes and Adoption of Resolutions
- 9:30 - 1:00 p.m. - Plenary Session - Administrative and Financial aspects in Malaria Eradication Programmes
- 3:00 - 6:00 p.m. - Committee discussion on Administrative and Financial aspects in Malaria Eradication Programmes

Thursday 19 November 1959

- 9:00 - 9:30 a.m. - Plenary Session - Report of Committee discussions on Administrative and Financial aspects in Malaria Eradication Programmes and adoption of Resolutions
- 9:30 - 1:00 p.m. - Plenary Session - Technical Aspects
- 3:00 - 6:00 p.m. - Committee discussion on Technical Aspects

Friday 20 November 1959

- 9:00 - 9:30 a.m. - Plenary Session - Report of Committee discussions on Technical Aspects and adoption of Resolutions.
- 9:30 - 1:00 p.m. - Plenary Session - Technical Problems
- 3:00 - 6:00 p.m. - Committee discussion on Technical Problems

Saturday 21 November 1959

- 9:00 a.m. - Plenary Session - Adoption of Resolutions
Concluding Speeches
- 12:30 p.m. - Closure
- 1:30 p.m. - Field Trip

There will be a 15 minute break each morning at approximately 11:00 a.m. and each afternoon at approximately 4:30 p.m.

The luncheon interval will be from 1:00 to 3:00 p.m. each day.

PROVISIONAL TECHNICAL AGENDA
FOR
THE SECOND REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON MALARIA ERADICATION
ADDIS ABABA - 16 - 21 NOVEMBER 1959

1. THE MAGNITUDE AND FEATURES OF THE MALARIA PROBLEM IN EMR
 - a. The 1958 Malaria Epidemic in Ethiopia
 - b. The Malaria Problem in Pakistan
 - c. Oasis Malaria
 - d. Review of the Malaria Programme in the African Region
2. PLANNING OF MALARIA ERADICATION PROGRAMMES
 - a. Malaria Eradication Pilot Projects - objectives and achievements in Ethiopia and Sudan
 - b. Pre-eradication Surveys - objectives and achievements in Egypt (UAR), Tunisia and Libya
 - c. Training of Personnel at International and Country Levels
 - d. Legislation, Public Relations and Health Education
3. ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL ASPECTS
 - a. Organizational Pattern of the Malaria Eradication Service and Importance of Decentralization
 - b. Administrative Procedures
 - c. Policies of International Bodies in assisting Malaria Eradication Programmes
 - d. Economic Impact of Malaria Eradication
 - e. National Financing of Malaria Eradication Programmes.
4. TECHNICAL ASPECTS
 - a. Spraying Operations
 - i) The Spraying Programmes, techniques, equipment
 - ii) Total Coverage : Planning and Execution
 - iii) Other anti-mosquito measures in special cases
 - iv) Diminishing Residual Effect, and Entomological Assessment
 - b. Surveillance Operations
 - i) The Surveillance Programmes in the Countries of the EMR
 - ii) Methods of Evaluating case detection procedures
 - iii) Use of anti-malaria drugs
 - c. International Coordination - Reporting - Conferences - Exchange Visits
5. TECHNICAL PROBLEMS
 - a. Entomological Studies and degree of resistance in malaria vectors
 - b. Review and strategy when resistance occurs
 - c. Nomadism
 - d. Problems for Research

CLASSIFICATION OF PAPERS ACCORDING TO AGENDA ITEMS

<u>AGENDA ITEM</u>	<u>TITLE OF PAPER</u>	<u>NO. OF PAPER</u>
1. THE MAGNITUDE AND FEATURES OF THE MALARIA ERADICATION PROBLEM IN EMR		
a. The 1958 Malaria Epidemic in Ethiopia	The Malaria Epidemic in Ethiopia	EM/ME-Tech.2/3
b. The Malaria Problem in Pakistan	The Malaria Problem in West Pakistan	EM/ME-Tech.2/12
c. Oasis Malaria	The Malaria Problem in East Pakistan	EM/ME-Tech.2/25
d. Review of the Malaria programme in the African Region	Oasis Malaria and Methods of Eradication	EM/ME-Tech.2/10
	Review of the Malaria Programme in the African Region	EM/ME-Tech.2/38

AGENDA ITEM

TITLE OF PAPER

NO. OF PAPER

2. PLANNING OF MALARIA ERADICATION PROGRAMMES

- a. Malaria Eradication Pilot Projects - objectives and achievements in Ethiopia and Sudan
- b. Pre-eradication Surveys - objectives and achievements in Egypt (UAR), Tunisia and Libya
- c. Training of Personnel at International and Country Levels
- d. Legislation, Public Relations and Health Education

- Kobo-Chercher Malaria Pilot Project
- Dembia Pilot Project, Beghemder Province, Ethiopia
- Semi-Annual Report, Gambella Pilot Project
- Objectives and Achievements of the WHO Malaria Pilot Project in the Awash Valley, Ethiopia, 1956 - 1959
- The Sudan Malaria Pilot Project, Objectives and Achievements
- Pre-eradication Survey
- Objectives and Achievements of the Pre-eradication Survey in the Egyptian Province of the UAR
- Objectives and Modalities of Execution of the Pre-eradication Surveys, with Special Reference to the Malaria Situation in Tunisia
- Oasis Malaria in Libya (Pre-eradication)
- The Training System and Curricula of the Regional Malaria Eradication Training Centre, Cairo, UAR.
- Malaria Eradication Training Centre, Nazareth, Ethiopia
- Considerations on Legislation and on Public Health Education in Malaria Eradication Programmes
- Health Education in Relation to Malaria Eradication

<u>AGENDA ITEM</u>	<u>TITLE OF PAPER</u>	<u>NO. OF PAPER</u>
3. ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL ASPECTS		
a. Organizational Pattern of the Malaria Eradication Service and Importance of Decentralization	Proposed Organizational Pattern of the Malaria Eradication Programme in the Egyptian Province of the UAR	EM/ME-Tech.2/13
b. Administrative Procedures		
c. Policies of International Bodies in assisting Malaria Eradication Programmes	Decentralization in Iran	EM/ME-Tech.2/26
d. Economic Impact of Malaria Eradication	Administration in the Planning and Execution of Malaria Eradication Programmes	EM/ME-Tech.2/43
e. National Financing of Malaria Eradication Programmes	The Contribution of a WHO Administrative Officer in a Malaria Eradication Programme	EM/ME-Tech.2/19
	The Economic Impact of Malaria Eradication with Special Reference to the Awash Valley in Ethiopia	EM/ME-Tech.2/9

AGENDA ITEMTITLE OF PAPERNO. OF PAPER

4. TECHNICAL ASPECTS

a. Spraying Operations	Techniques of Spraying: Spraying Equipment; Training of Sprayers - Supervision - Evaluation	EM/ME-Tech.2/5
i. The Spraying Programmes, techniques equipment		
ii. Total Coverage: Planning and Execution	Total Coverage Spraying	EM/ME-Tech.2/37
iii. Other anti-mosquito measures in special cases	Malaria Eradication Pilot Projects with Special Reference to Saudi Arabia	EM/ME-Tech.2/11
iv. Diminishing Residual Effect, and Entomological Assessment	Malaria Eradication Measures among Nomadic Peoples in Jordan	EM/ME-Tech.2/4
b. Surveillance Operations		
i. The Surveillance Programmes in the Countries of the EMR	Insecticides used and Dosages, Factor Diminishing Residual Effect, Bio-assay Tests	EM/ME-Tech.2/31
ii. Methods of Evaluating case detection procedures	Entomological Assessment in Sprayed Areas	EM/ME-Tech.2/30
iii. Use of anti-malaria drugs	The Surveillance Programme in Iraq	EM/ME-Tech.2/7
c. International Coordination - Reporting - Conferences - Exchange Visits	Surveillance Programme in the Syrian Region, United Arab Republic.	EM/ME-Tech.2/24
	Surveillance Programme in Iran	EM/ME-Tech.2/27
	Notes on Some Practical Problems in Surveillance	EM/ME-Tech.2/36

TECHNICAL ABSTRACTS

a.	Entomological Studies and Degree of Resistance in Malaria Vectors	Malaria Vectors in the Southern Blue Nile Province - Republic of Sudan	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/21
b.	Review and Strategy when Resistance occurs	Observations on the Ethiopian Anopheles Mosquitoes and their Susceptibility to Insecticides	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/23
c.	Problems for Research	Malaria Vectors at High Altitudes, Addis Ababa Area	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/41
d.		Ecology of <u>Anopheles</u> and results of Susceptibility Tests	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/40
		Investigation of the Susceptibility of <u>Anopheles</u> to Insecticide in Egypt - UAR	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/34
		Resistance of <u>Anopheles</u> to Dieldrin in Iran	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/26
		Changes of Spraying Policy in the Light of Records of Insecticide Resistance	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/29
		A Preliminary Report on the Records of Malaria in Ethiopia	U. of FAIR-Tech.2/32
			U. of FAIR-Tech.2/42