## Highlights

- In August 2019, a total of 172 suspected cholera cases and no related death was reported from Banadir region.
- From December 2017 to August 2019, a total of 8,576 suspected cholera cases including 46 related deaths (CFR: 0.54 %) were reported from six regions (Banadir, Gedo, Hiran, Lower Juba, Middle Shabelle and Lower Shabelle). The districts with the highest cumulative number of cases are; Kismayo 2,305 (26.88%), Hodan 1,032 (12.03%) and Madina 877 (10.23%).
- The number of reported cases during the month of August showed a significant decline (around 49%) as compared to the previous month (338).
- This cholera outbreak is continuation of the outbreak that started since December 2017 but there was a gap in the reporting of the cases in the first seven weeks of 2019 due to closer of the main Cholera Treatment Center (CTC) in Banadir. The CTC has been reopened in early February to manage the suspected cholera cases and the center has started reporting the cases again.

### 01 out of 18 regions reported suspected cholera cases in August 2019

### Case fatality rate (CFR): 0% in August 2019

- A total of 800 stool specimen were collected since December 2017. Of which, only 157 were laboratory confirmed for Vibrio cholerae, serotype Ogawa
- Since December 2017 to August 2019, a total of 8,576 suspected cholera cases and deaths were reported from six regions: Banadir, Gedo, Hiran, Lower Juba, Middle Shabelle and Lower Shabelle.

## Cholera cases in Somalia, December 2017 to August 2019

### Cumulative key figures, December 2017 to August 2019

- 8,576 suspected cases
- 46 related deaths
- 0.54% Children < 5 years
- 47.47% Children < 5 years

### Last 4 weeks key figures, August 2019

- 172 suspected cases
- 0 related deaths

## Cholera cases by Regions in Somalia, December 2017 to August 2019

### Region
- **Banadir**
- **Gedo**
- **Hiran**
- **Lower Juba**
- **Middle Shabelle**
- **Lower Shabelle**

### Case fatality rate

- **1- 222 Cases**
- **223- 810 Cases**
- **811- 2330 Cases**

### Distribution of cholera cases in Somalia, January 2018 to August 2019