

HeRAMS

Snapshot: Status of Public Hospitals in Syrian Arab Republic

April 2015

This is to acknowledge that data provided in this snapshot is a product of joint collaboration between the World Health Organization, Ministry of Health, and Ministry of Higher Education in the Syrian Arab Republic. The report covers the month of April 2015.

Contents:

This document provides a snapshot of the status of public hospitals under the Ministries of Health and Higher Education, as of April 30, 2015 in terms of functionality, accessibility, and level of damage.

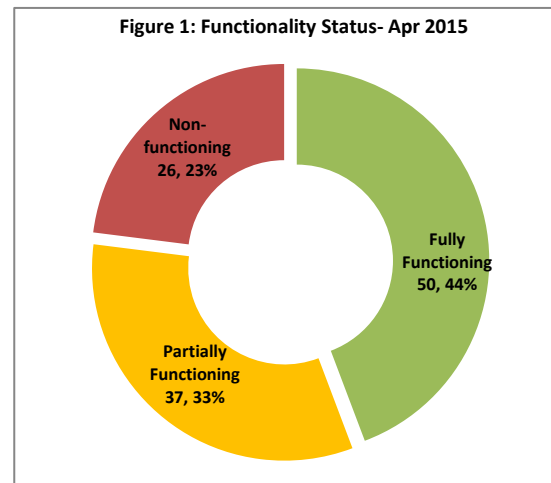
1. Completeness of Reporting

The completeness of reporting from public hospitals across Syria remained at 100%, where all the 99 Ministry of Health (MoH) Hospitals and the 14 Ministry of Higher Education (MoHE) hospitals continued to report to HeRAMS in April 2015.

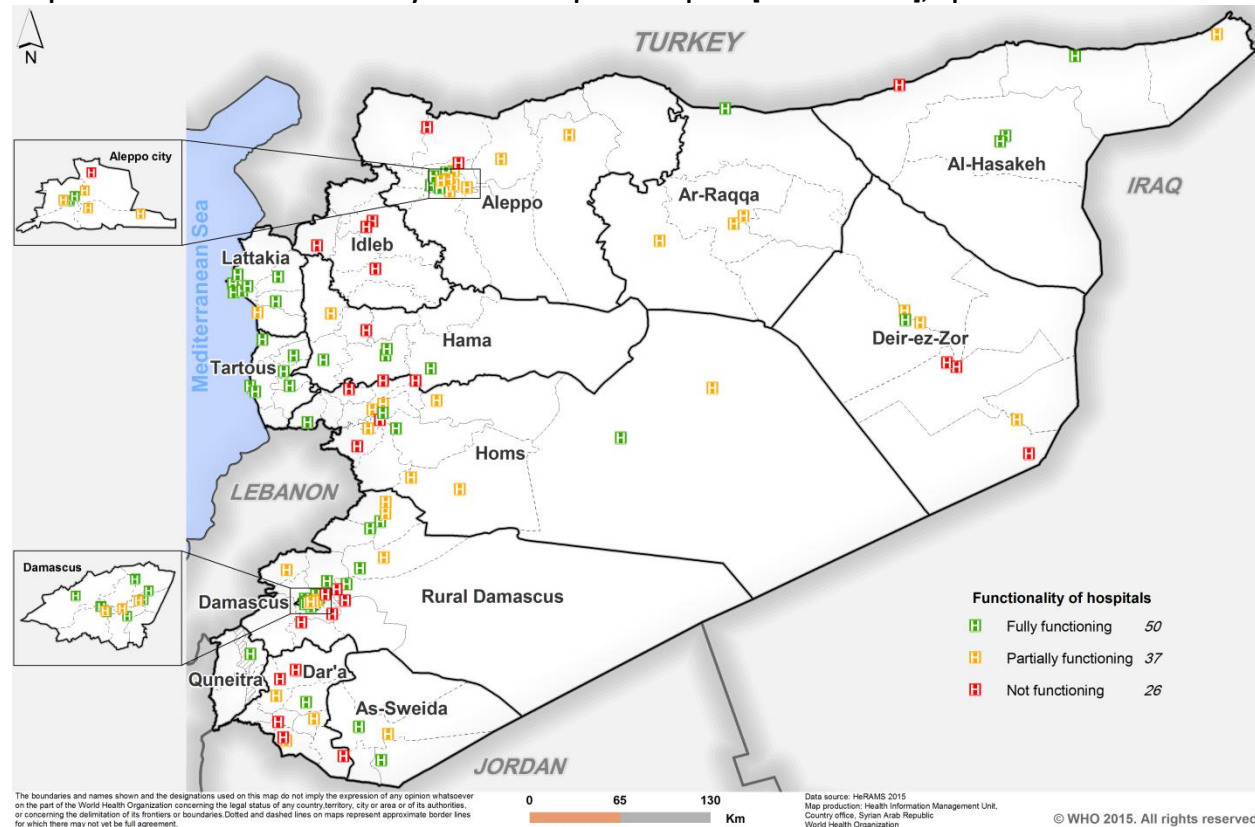
2. Functionality Status

Functionality of the public hospitals has been assessed at three levels: fully functioning, partially functioning, and not functioning.

By end of April 2015, and out of the **113** assessed public hospitals [MoH & MoHE], 44% (50) were reported fully functioning, 33% (37) hospitals were reported partially functioning (i.e., shortage of staff, equipment, medicines or damage of the building in some cases), while 23% (26) were reported non-functioning (completely out of service) [Figure 1]. Distribution of public hospitals by functionality status is shown in Map 1.

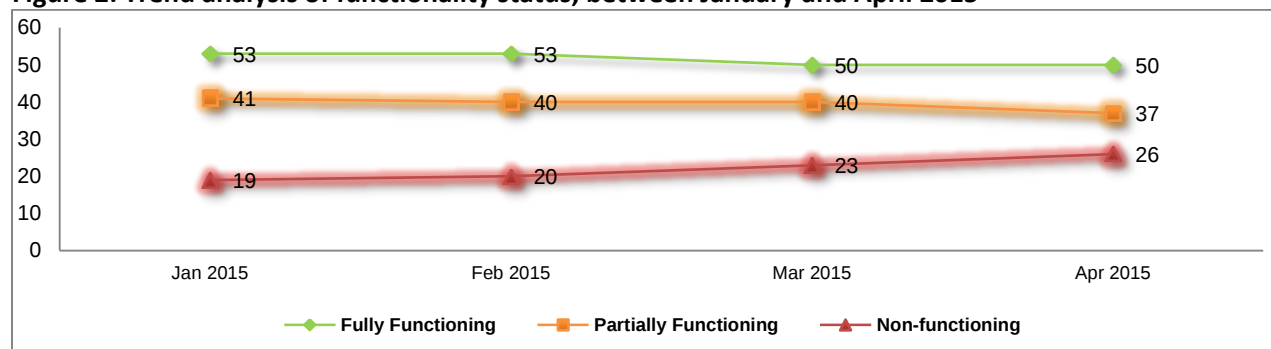


Map 1: Distribution and functionality status of the public hospitals [MoH & MoHE], Apr 2015



The number of non-functioning hospitals increased from 19 to 26 (between January and April 2015) [Figure 2]. This indicates the direct impact of the deteriorating security situation in Idleb, Deir-ez-Zor and Dar'a governorates. In Idleb, affected hospitals are: the Idleb National Hospital, Jisr Ash-Shugur and Ibn Seina General Hospital, In Deir-ez-Zor, affected hospitals are: Al-Mayadin Hospital, and Modern Medicine Hospital, while in Dar'a governorate, Busra General Hospital was affected.

Figure 2: Trend analysis of functionality status, between January and April 2015



3. Accessibility Status

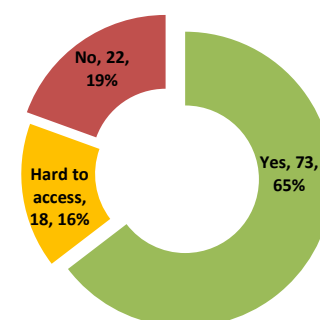
Accessibility to public hospitals has been assessed at three levels: accessible, hard-to-access, or inaccessible hospital for patients and health staff.

By end of April 2015, 65% (73) hospitals were reported accessible, 16% (18) hard-to-access, and 19% (22) were inaccessible [Figure 3].

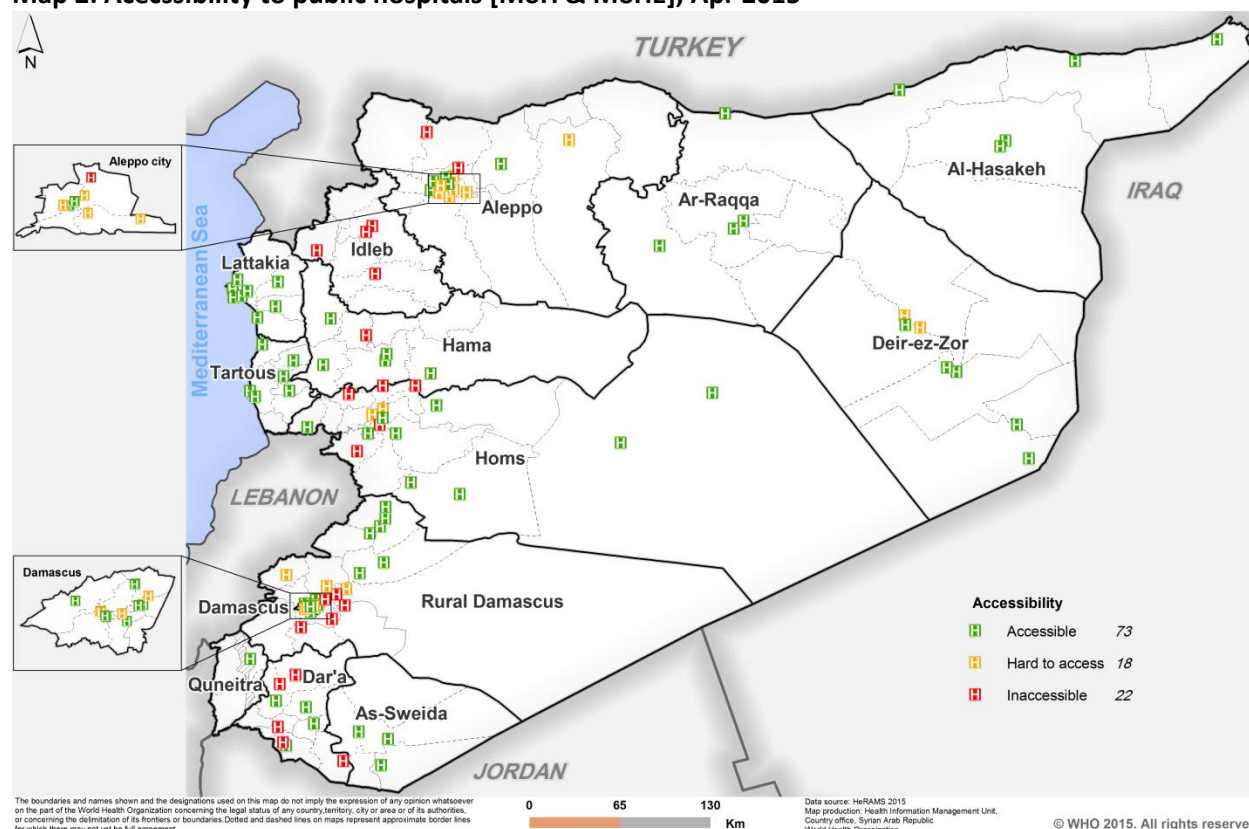
Distribution of public hospitals by accessibility status is shown in Map 2.

The number of inaccessible hospitals increased from 19 by end of March to 22 by end of April (those are Idleb National Hospital, Jisr Ash-Shugur and Ibn Seina General Hospital in Idelb governorate).

Figure 3: Accessibility status- Apr 2015



Map 2: Accessibility to public hospitals [MoH & MoHE], Apr 2015



4. Level of Damage

The condition of the hospitals' buildings has been assessed at three levels: fully damaged, partially damaged, and not damaged.

By end of April 2015, 41% (47) hospitals were reported damaged [12% fully damaged and 29% partially damaged], while 59% (66) of public hospitals were reported intact [Figure 4].

Distribution of public hospitals by building' level of damage is shown in Map 3.

Map 3: Distribution and Level of damage of the public hospitals [MoH & MoHE], Apr 2015

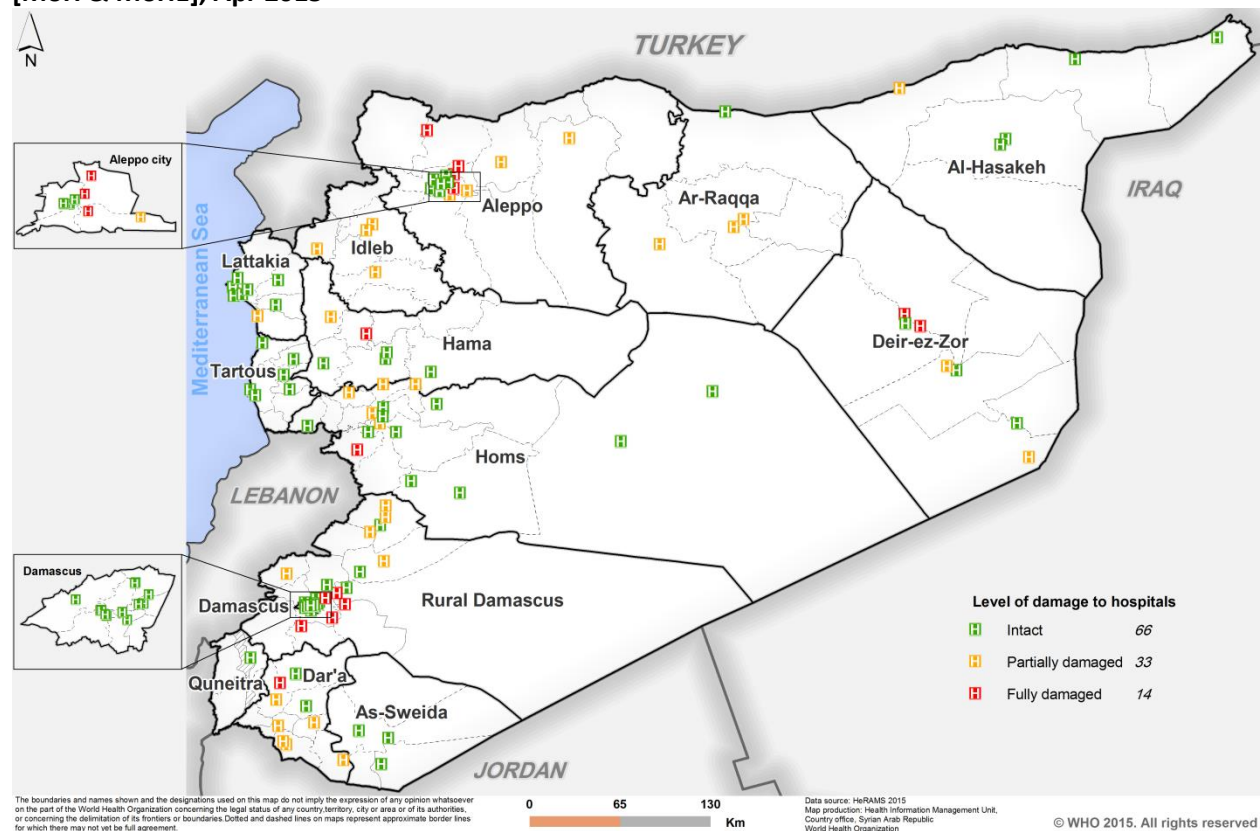


Figure 4: Level of Damage - Apr 2015

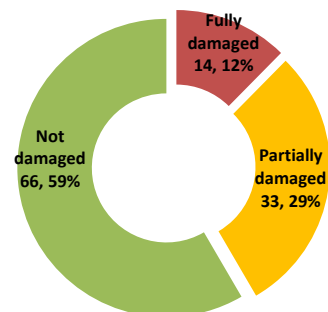
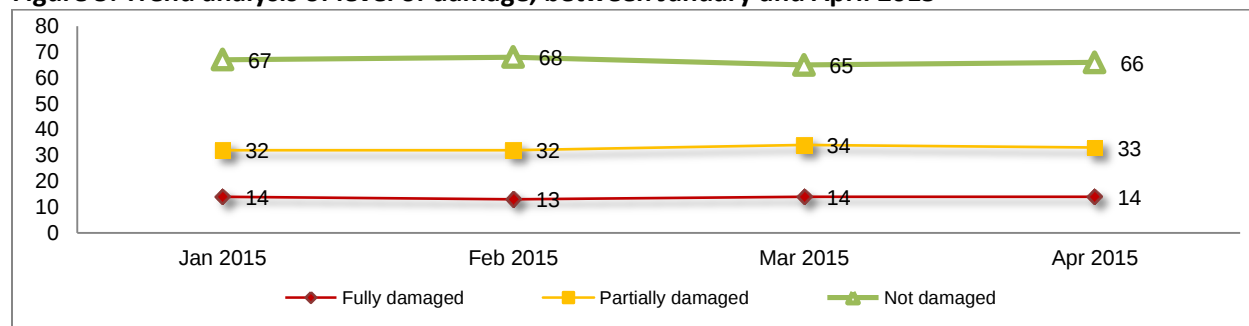


Figure 5: Trend analysis of level of damage, between January and April 2015



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